

English claim terms having a scope of meaning consistent with the original intended language in preparation for U.S. examination; (iv) to remove limitations having an effect in a foreign country which is different and unintended under U.S. practice (i.e., changing "consisting of" to "comprising"); (v) to remove or amend original claim language that could be regarded as alternative expressions that are acceptable under foreign patent practice but possibly subject to objection under U.S. practice, typically having a broadening or neutral effect in the amended claim; and/or (vi) to improve the clarity or meaning of the original language.

In the case of amendments effectively changing an original claim element expressed as a "means plus function" that could raise a presumption of claim expression under 35 U.S.C. 112, 6th paragraph to a structural expression or to an expression removing the presumption of a "means-plus-function" statement, it is not intended to narrow the claim so amended for purposes of patentability, but rather to place the claim in a form considered to be intended by the applicant from a foreign country where claim limitations described in terms of means-plus-function do not have the same effect as under U.S. practice. Thus, such amendments are intended to establish a full range of equivalents to the claim elements so amended under the U.S. doctrine of equivalents and beyond the range associated with "means-plus-function" expressions according to 35 U.S.C. 112, 6th paragraph, just as if the claim so amended was presented originally in its amended form.

All rights are reserved to the original disclosed and claimed subject matter and any cancellation of claims is made without prejudice or disclaimer.

LIST OF CURRENT CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An electronic steering wheel lock for motor vehicles, which can be unlocked by means of an electronic key, comprising and has a locking member (3) for locking the motor vehicle steering shaft (1) against rotation and also has a rotor (5) that is rotatable out of an initial position and back into the initial position for moving the locking member (3) back and forth between a steering shaft locking position and a steering shaft releasing position in a stator (2), wherein the rotor (5) cannot be rotated out of the initial position, so that the locking member (3) moves into the steering shaft releasing position, until an electromagnet (7), disposed in the stator (2) coaxially with the rotor (5), has been energized with the aid of the electronic key, in order to unlock the rotor (5), which in its initial position, under the influence of a spring load (22), can be coupled positively with the stator (2) and is axially displaceable in the stator (2) by means of the electromagnet (7) against the action of the spring load (22) in order to release the mutual engagement of the rotor (5) and the stator (2), and further wherein characterized in that the rotor (5) has at least one coupling dog (23), which cooperates with a coupling slot (24) of the stator (2), which slot is defined, on the side toward which the rotor (5) is rotatable out of its initial position, by an inertial element (26) which is displaceable in the stator (2) together with the rotor (5) against the action of a spring load when the rotor (5), as a consequence of a blow on the stator (2), is axially displaced against the action of its spring load.

2. (Currently Amended) The steering wheel lock according to claim 1, wherein characterized in that the two side faces (33, 34), extending parallel to one another and oriented toward one another, of the coupling dog (23) of the rotor (5) and of the inertial element (26) of the stator (2) extend obliquely to the longitudinal axis (25) of the rotor, so that when the side faces (33, 34) are pressed against one another, the rotor (5) and the inertial element (26) are loaded axially toward one another.

3. (Currently Amended) The steering wheel lock according to claim 1, wherein ~~or 2, characterized in that~~ the coupling dog (23) of the rotor (5) protrudes axially from the rotor (5), and the coupling slot (24) of the stator (2) extends parallel to the longitudinal axis (25) of the rotor.

4. (Currently Amended) The steering wheel lock according to claim 1, wherein ~~2 or 3, characterized in that~~ the inertial element (26) of the stator (2) is loaded into its rest position by a helical compression spring (27), which is supported on one end on the inertial element (26) and on the other end on the stator (2).

5. (Currently Amended) The steering wheel lock according to claim 1, wherein ~~any one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that~~ the rotor (5) has two diametrically opposed coupling dogs (23), which each cooperate with a respective coupling slot (24) of the stator (2), which slot is defined laterally by an inertial element (26).

6. (Currently Amended) An electronic ignition and starting switch for motor vehicles, which can be unlocked by means of an electronic key, comprises and ~~has~~ a rotor, which for switching on and off, in particular the ignition system and the starter of the motor vehicle, is rotatable in a stator out of an initial position into various switching positions and back into the initial position, wherein the rotor cannot be rotated into the switching positions until an electromagnet, disposed in the stator coaxially with the rotor, has been excited with the aid of the electronic key in order to unlock the rotor, which in its initial position, under the influence of a spring load, can be coupled positively with the stator, and is axially displaceable in the stator by means of the electromagnet against the action of the spring load[[.]] in order to release the mutual engagement of the rotor and the stator, wherein characterized in ~~that~~ the rotor (5) has at least one coupling dog (23), which cooperates with a coupling slot (24) of the stator (2), which slot is defined, on the side toward which the rotor (5) is rotatable out of its initial position, by an inertial element (26) which is displaceable in the stator (2) together with the rotor (5) against the action of a spring

load when the rotor (5), as a consequence of a blow on the stator (2), is axially displaced against the action of its spring load.

7. (Currently Amended) The ignition and starting switch according to claim 6, wherein characterized in that the two side faces (33, 34), extending parallel to one another and oriented toward one another, of the coupling dog (23) of the rotor (5) and of the inertial element (26) of the stator (2) extend obliquely to the longitudinal axis (25) of the rotor, so that when the side faces (33, 34) are pressed against one another, the rotor (5) and the inertial element (26) are loaded axially toward one another.

8. (Currently Amended) The ignition and starting switch according to claim 6, wherein or 7, characterized in that the coupling dog (23) of the rotor (5) protrudes axially from the rotor (5), and the coupling slot (24) of the stator (2) extends parallel to the longitudinal axis (25) of the rotor.

9. (Currently Amended) The ignition and starting switch according to claim 6, wherein 7 or 8, characterized in that the inertial element (26) of the stator (2) is loaded into its rest position by a helical compression spring (27), which is supported on one end on the inertial element (26) and on the other end on the stator (2).

10. (Currently Amended) The ignition and starting switch according to claim 6, wherein any one of claims 6 through 9, characterized in that the rotor (5) has two diametrically opposed coupling dogs (23), which each cooperate with a respective coupling slot (24) of the stator (2), which slot is defined laterally by an inertial element (26).